

Owner: Randers Tegl A/S
No.: MD-25027-EN
EPD tool: T24001
Tool version: Version 2.1
Issued: 01-03-2025
Valid to: 01-03-2030

3rd PARTY **VERIFIED**

EPD

VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804



Owner of Declaration

Randers Tegl A/S
Mineralvej 4
9220 Aalborg Øst
CVR: 20400234



Issued:

01-03-2025

Valid to:

01-03-2030

Programme

EPD Danmark
www.epddanmark.dk



- | | |
|---|--|
| ☐ Industry EPD | ☒ Product specific |
| ☒ Product EPD | ☐ Average |
| ☐ Project EPD | ☐ Worst Case |

Declared products:

RT720, RT730, RT915, RT916

Number of declared product variations: 4

Production Site:

Gandrup, Teglværksvej 41, 9362 Gandrup

Use of Guarantees of Origin:

- ☐ No certificates used
☒ Electricity covered by GoO
☒ Biogas covered by GoO

Declared Unit (DU):

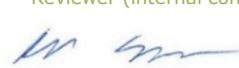
1 tonne of clay product with an expected average reference service life of 150 years.

Year of Production Site Data (A3):

2024

Declaration developed using Randers Tegl EPD tool, T24001 V.2.1.
Data collection, processing and registration done by: Kenneth Baade

Reviewed by: ☒ internal ☐ external

Reviewer (internal control):

Jakob Steenild, Randers Tegl A/S

Basis of Calculation

This EPD is developed in accordance with the European standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.

Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the requirements in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. EPD data may not be comparable if the datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and if the background systems are not based on the same database.

Validity

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025:2010 and is valid for 5 years from the date of issue.

Use

The intended use of an EPD is to communicate scientifically based environmental information for construction products, for the purpose of assessing the environmental performance of buildings.

EPD type

- ☐ Cradle-to-gate with modules C1-C4 and D
☐ Cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1-C4 and D
☒ Cradle-to-grave and module D
☐ Cradle-to-gate
☐ Cradle-to-gate with options

CEN standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as the core Product Category Rules (PCR)

Independent verification of the tool on which declaration and data is based, according to EN ISO 14025:2010

- ☐ internal ☒ external

Third party verifier:



Mirko Miseljic, LCA Specialists



Martha Katrine Sørensen

EPD Danmark

Life cycle stages and modules (MND = module not declared)

Product			Construction process		Use							End of life			Beyond the system boundary	
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery and recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Product information

Product Description:

The main product components are shown in the table below. Please refer to 'Additional Information' for a full overview of the material composition of each declared product.

Material	Weight-% of declared product
Additives	1,4-6,3%
Chamotte (Recycled)	0-0%
Clay	73-82,3%
Sand	16,3-20,7%

Product Packaging:

The composition of the sales- and transport packaging of the product is shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of product packaging
Pallet Strips	3,2%
Paper	13,6%
LDPE Foil	25,0%
Brick Pallet	58,2%

Product Use:

Bricks are used to construct walls, pillars, and partitions. Their durability and strength make them ideal for both structural and decorative purposes.

Reference Service Life (RSL):

The reference service life (RSL) is declared to be a default period of 150 years as detailed in the Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products (2020), section 3, page 7.

Representativity:

This declaration, including data collection and the modelled foreground system including results, represents the production of the declared product manufactured by Randers Tegl A/S. Product specific data are based on average values collected for the year, 2024. Background data is based on the LCA database, ecoinvent 3.10, which was updated in 2023 and complies with EN 15804:2012 +A2:2019, section 6.3.8.2, by being less than 5 years old.

Generally, the applied background datasets are of a reasonably high quality. Most datasets are geographically accurate for the given country or region representing activities in Denmark (DK), Germany (DE), France (FR) or Europe (RER) as a whole. Where data quality has been geographically inaccurate, adjustments to the datasets have been performed to ensure representability.

Essential characteristics (CE):

Bricks and tiles are covered by the harmonized technical specifications of following standards:

- Bricks: EN 771-1:2011+A1:2015
- Tiles: EN 1304:2013

The product properties of the declared products are listed as a range in the tabel below. Please refer to 'Additional Information' for a full overview of the properties of each declared product.

Properties	Value	Unit
Product weight	1777-3352	g/p
Product per 1 m ²	53-63	p/m ²
Area Density	112-211,2	kg/m ²
Conversion factor to 1 m ²	0,112-0,2112	-
Products per ton	298-563	p/ton
Conversion factor to 1 p	0,0018-0,0034	-

Additional technical information as well as a declaration of performance (DOP) can be acquired on the manufacturer's website:

<https://www.randerstegl.com>

Hazardous Substances:

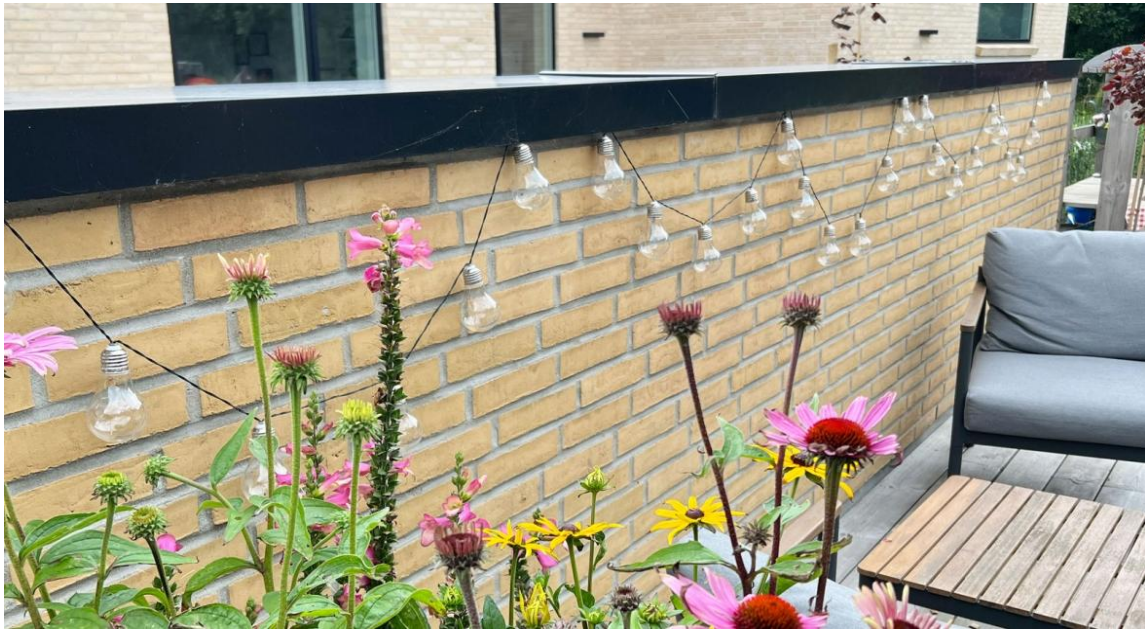
The declared products by Randers Tegl A/S, do not contain any substances listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization"

<https://echa.europa.eu/da/candidate-list-table>

Geographical Scope:

The geographical scope of this study is Denmark (DK).

Picture of product(s)



LCA Background

Declared Unit:

As prescribed by the Internal Guidance Document on *TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products* (2020), section 3, page 7, the declared unit (DU) is defined as:

- 1 ton of clay product with an expected average reference service life of 150 years

The LCI and LCIA results in this EPD relates to 1 ton of clay product with additional converting factors to 1 m² and 1 p. Please refer to 'Additional Information' for an overview of product properties.

PCR:

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804:2012 +A2:2019, and the following complementary standard by Tiles & Brick Europe:

• [Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products \(2020\)](#)

Energy Modelling Principles:

The declared product is manufactured (A3) using guarantees of origin (GOs) for 100% of electricity (wind, unspecified) and 94% of natural gas consumption by biomethane-certificates. The following table lists the emission factors applied in the model:

Datasets	EF	Unit
Electricity GoO-mix, wind, DK, ref. year 2023	2,26E-02	kg CO ₂ e/kWh
Natural gas mix, DK, ref. year 2023	6,94E-02	kg CO ₂ e/MJ
Biomethane GoO-mix, DK, ref. year 2023	7,45E-03	kg CO ₂ e/MJ

Foreground system:

The production of Randers Tegl A/S is modelled based on site-specific data. The electricity consumption is covered by GO-certificates representing unspecified wind power, which has been modelled as the average distribution of on- and offshore sources in 2020 (WindEurope, 2021). In cases where geographical adjustments have been performed to the electricity mix of datasets pertaining to raw materials (A1), residual mixes have been applied. The remaining activities are covered by average supply mixes representing individual countries (e.g. DK & DE) or regions (e.g. EU) depending on the specific processes of the value chain.

Background system:

The database, ecoinvent 3.10 (published in 12-2023) is utilized for the background system. As a result, both upstream- and downstream activities are based on average supply mixes for the specific country or region depending on the given dataset.

Allocation Principles:

Allocation have been made in accordance with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, section 6.4.3. In this regard, allocation has been avoided to the extent that is possible by dividing unit processes into different sub-processes using site specific measurements concerning CaCO₃-content and process heat during firing of the declared product in a tunnel kiln, which has been subtracted the annual consumption at each factory.

Residual energy at the site, which cannot be directly attributed to a given product and thus sub-divided, has been allocated by fired mass in order to reflect the underlying physical relationship of products during manufacturing (A3). As a general principle, the sum of allocated inputs and outputs of the system are equal to the annual consumption of a given site thereby preserving the mass balance and no inputs or outputs are double counted or omitted from the model.

System Boundary

This EPD is based on a cradle-to-grave scope, and covers the life cycle modules, A1-A3, A4-A5, B1-B7, C1-C4, and D, in which 100 weight-% has been accounted for.

The general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs follow the requirements specified in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, section 6.3.6, where the total of neglected input flows per modules shall be a maximum of 5% of energy usage and mass as well as 1% of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and mass for unit processes. In addition, particular care has been taken to include materials and flows known to have the potential to cause significant emissions into air, water, and soil related to the environmental indicators assessed in this study. In this respect, conservative assumptions in combination with plausibility considerations and expert judgement has been exercised to demonstrate compliance with this criterion.

Product stage (A1-A3):

The product stage (A1-A3) comprises the acquisition of all raw materials, energy consumption, and transport to the factory as well as packaging and waste processing up to the 'end-of-waste' state or final disposal. The LCA results are declared in aggregated form meaning that the sub-modules A1, A2, and A3 are declared as one – Module A1-A3.

The production process begins with the extraction and preparation of raw materials primarily consisting of clay. Materials are excavated from quarries and blended with various secondary additives to achieve the desired aesthetic and properties. The prepared clay mixture is shaped into the desired form and dried to remove excess moisture. Subsequently, the dried product is subjected to high temperature firing in kilns, which hardens the clay, making it durable and resistant to weather and external forces. Once the declared product passes quality control, it is packaged and prepared for distribution.

Construction stage (A4-A5):

The transportation between Randers Tegl A/S and the building site can generally be classified as batches through direct sales with an assumed average transportation distance of 50 km as listed in Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products (2020), section 5, page 18.

The construction stage includes the provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage. For the installation, it is assumed that the majority of the process is done manually, with only a minimal to negligible requirement for electricity and water, as stated in Clay Construction Products by TBE (2020), Section 5.2, page 13. Additionally, the module includes all impacts and aspects related to any losses during this construction process stage. A general loss of 3% mass is generally expected during the construction stage (A4-A5). The waste flow from the declared product is categorized as inert waste, and it is transported to a landfill as construction waste.

Use stage (B1-B7)

The use phase (B1-B7) relates to the usage of the declared product throughout its lifespan in the construction project.

As specified in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, section 6.2.4, page 17, this includes the transportation of all materials, products, and related energy and water consumption, as well as the handling of waste or disposal of final residues. As described in the the *Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products* (2020), section 5.3, page 14, clay products do not generate environmental impacts during the use phase (B1-B7). Consequently, the environmental impact for these information modules (B1-B7) are reported as 0.00E+00 (previously MNR).

End of Life (C1-C4):

Concerning the end-of-life stage (C1-C4), a range of national scenarios are used based on data from Miljøstyrelsen (2022) and the *Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products* (2020).

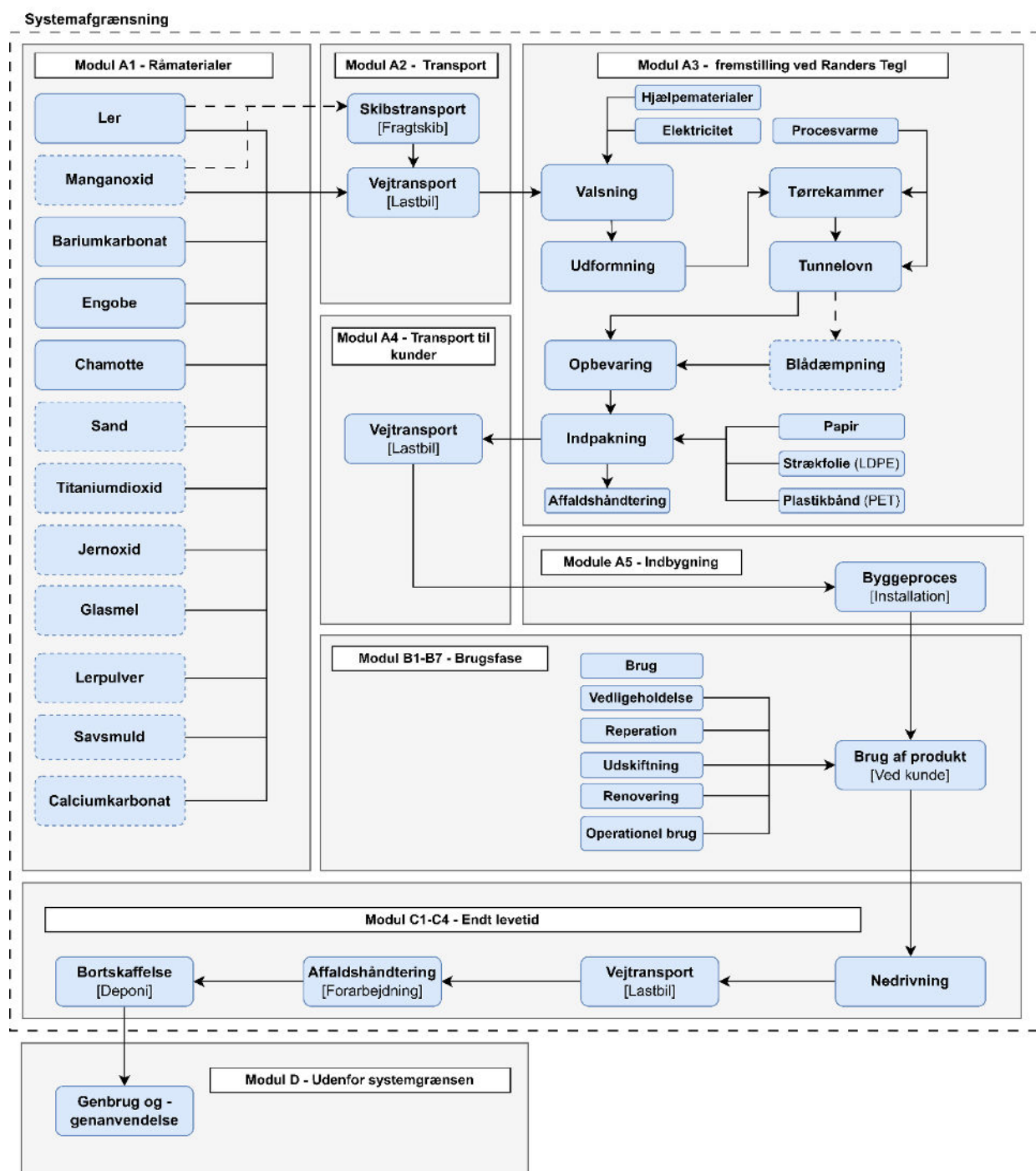
As prescribed by EN 15804:2012 +A2:2019, section 6.3.9, all scenarios are realistic and representative of one of the most likely alternatives. The scenarios do not include processes or procedures that are not currently in use or have not proven to be practical. Limited material flow and resource consumption is associated with the activities of deconstruction and demolition (C1). For this reason, it is specified in the Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products (2020), section 5.4, page 14, that the environmental impacts attributed to the module are considered insignificant and, are therefore omitted from the life cycle assessment (LCA). As a general assumption, the generic end-of-life transport scenarios provided by the Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products (2020) are used. Data concerning the transport of construction and demolition waste from the construction site to the final destination (C2) is based on a third-party verified report by ASRO (2008). As recommended by the Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products (2020), section 5.6, page 14, the life cycle inventory (LCI) for waste management (C3) is developed based on a comprehensive national scenario for Denmark. It is expected, that 99% of construction waste is recycled, while the remaining 1% is sent to a landfill (C4). The recycling of clay waste takes place through the crushing of the material to create recycled ballast – a material mixture of concrete and brick.

Re-use, recovery & recycling potential (D):

Module D includes the reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials of the declared product, expressed as net impacts and benefits. This primarily pertains to the substitution of gravel from the recycling of crushed bricks and energy produced from the incineration of packaging.

Electricity generated from the municipal incineration at the CHP plant is assumed to replace an average Danish electricity mix, while thermal energy is set to displace an average district heating market in Denmark for the year 2023 (DEA, 2024).

Flow Chart:



LCA Results

RT916

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT916										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	9,58E+01	5,33E+00	7,59E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,60E+00	3,49E+00	5,72E-02	-5,18E+00
GWP-fossil	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	8,79E+01	5,32E+00	2,66E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,59E+00	3,49E+00	5,71E-02	-5,02E+00
GWP-biogenic	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	7,85E+00	2,76E-03	4,93E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-03	3,77E-04	1,44E-04	-1,57E-01
GWP-luluc	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	1,31E-02	1,89E-03	2,32E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,49E-03	3,03E-04	9,16E-06	-7,27E-03
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	1,36E-06	1,11E-07	1,58E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,51E-07	5,35E-08	2,12E-09	-7,15E-08
AP	[mol H ⁺ eq.]	3,72E-01	1,26E-02	3,01E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,38E-02	3,15E-02	3,56E-04	-3,65E-02
EP-freshwater	[kg PO ₄ eq.]	3,23E-03	3,75E-04	6,33E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-04	1,02E-04	2,59E-06	-1,69E-03
EP-marine	[kg N eq.]	1,01E-01	3,30E-03	1,19E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-03	1,46E-02	1,52E-04	-9,83E-03
EP-terrestrial	[mol N eq.]	7,13E-01	3,57E-02	1,27E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,70E-02	1,60E-01	1,66E-03	-1,31E-01
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	3,09E-01	2,18E-02	4,82E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	4,77E-02	6,71E-04	-3,33E-02
ADPm ¹	[kg Sb eq.]	1,69E-04	1,49E-05	1,67E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,42E-05	1,22E-06	7,12E-08	-5,54E-05
ADPf ¹	[MJ]	3,57E+02	7,99E+01	1,10E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,18E+01
WDP ¹	[m3]	1,72E+01	4,89E-01	2,93E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,94E-01	1,34E-01	6,92E-02	-1,59E+01
Caption	GWP-total = Globale Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone Depletion; AP = Acidification; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication – aquatic freshwater; EP-marine = Eutrophication – aquatic marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication – terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential – minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential – fossil fuels; WDP = water use									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT916										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	[Disease incidence]	2,75E-06	5,19E-07	6,47E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,96E-07	8,95E-07	8,99E-09	-6,40E-07
IRP ²	[kBq U235 eq.]	7,09E-01	9,71E-02	2,48E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,37E-01	2,05E-02	1,21E-03	-5,08E-01
ETP-fw ¹	[CTUe]	6,25E+02	1,89E+01	2,84E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,86E+01	6,47E+00	1,45E-01	-4,39E+01
HTP-c ¹	[CTUh]	2,26E-07	3,41E-08	4,40E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,29E-08	1,36E-08	2,41E-10	-8,86E-08
HTP-nc ¹	[CTUh]	1,45E-06	5,29E-08	9,22E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,86E-08	6,19E-09	2,20E-10	-7,21E-08
SQP ¹	-	5,17E+02	8,03E+01	1,25E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,34E+01	3,20E+00	2,88E+00	-1,62E+02
Caption	PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Soil Quality (dimensionless)									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									
	² This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.									

RESOURCE USE PER TONNES RT916										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	2,78E+02	1,27E+00	3,09E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,89E+01
PERM	[MJ]	4,19E+01	0,00E+00	-4,19E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	3,20E+02	1,27E+00	-4,16E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,89E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	3,32E+02	7,99E+01	1,10E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,18E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	2,54E+01	0,00E+00	-2,54E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	3,57E+02	7,99E+01	-1,44E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,18E+01
SM	[kg]	3,76E-01	3,45E-02	4,72E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,88E-02	1,90E-02	3,38E-04	-1,30E-01
RSF	[MJ]	2,38E+02	4,35E-04	6,24E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,16E-04	4,96E-05	8,47E-06	-9,21E-04
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m ³]	4,05E-01	1,20E-02	6,92E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,46E-02	3,27E-03	1,62E-03	-3,76E-01
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT916										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	1,02E+00	1,16E-01	3,27E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,53E-01	5,10E-02	1,08E-03	-4,96E-01
NHWD	[kg]	5,38E+01	2,33E+00	3,28E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,24E+00	9,61E+02	9,73E+00	-9,98E+00
RWD	[kg]	1,75E-04	2,40E-05	6,23E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,40E-05	5,01E-06	2,86E-07	-1,17E-04

CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	2,56E+01	6,06E-04	1,39E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-04	9,60E+02	5,37E-06	-6,23E-03
MER	[kg]	1,25E-01	3,49E-06	2,36E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,75E-06	6,26E-07	2,12E-08	-8,30E-06
EEE	[MJ]	1,35E-01	1,20E-02	1,01E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E-02	2,06E-03	1,59E-04	-2,39E-01
EET	[MJ]	1,10E-01	1,47E-02	3,80E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,63E-02	1,09E-03	6,57E-05	-1,03E+01
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT916		
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate
Biogenic carbon content in product	[kg C]	0,00E+00
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packagaing	[kg C]	9,34E-01
Note	1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO ₂	
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.	

LCA Results

RT915

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT915										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	4,24E+01	5,30E+00	6,58E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,60E+00	3,49E+00	5,72E-02	-5,10E+00
GWP-fossil	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	3,36E+01	5,29E+00	2,64E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,59E+00	3,49E+00	5,71E-02	-4,94E+00
GWP-biogenic	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	8,76E+00	2,75E-03	3,94E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-03	3,77E-04	1,44E-04	-1,52E-01
GWP-luluc	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	1,31E-02	1,88E-03	2,16E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,49E-03	3,03E-04	9,16E-06	-7,00E-03
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	1,43E-06	1,10E-07	1,54E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,51E-07	5,35E-08	2,12E-09	-6,92E-08
AP	[mol H+ eq.]	3,70E-01	1,25E-02	2,91E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,38E-02	3,15E-02	3,56E-04	-3,60E-02
EP-freshwater	[kg PO ₄ eq.]	3,13E-03	3,73E-04	5,74E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-04	1,02E-04	2,59E-06	-1,65E-03
EP-marine	[kg N eq.]	1,01E-01	3,28E-03	1,15E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-03	1,46E-02	1,52E-04	-9,72E-03
EP-terrestrial	[mol N eq.]	7,08E-01	3,55E-02	1,23E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,70E-02	1,60E-01	1,66E-03	-1,30E-01
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	3,16E-01	2,17E-02	4,69E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	4,77E-02	6,71E-04	-3,30E-02
ADPm ¹	[kg Sb eq.]	1,63E-04	1,48E-05	1,61E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,42E-05	1,22E-06	7,12E-08	-5,48E-05
ADPf ¹	[MJ]	4,01E+02	7,95E+01	1,08E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,06E+01
WDP ¹	[m3]	1,72E+01	4,87E-01	2,86E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,94E-01	1,34E-01	6,92E-02	-1,58E+01
Caption	GWP-total = Globale Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone Depletion; AP = Acidification; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication – aquatic freshwater; EP-marine = Eutrophication – aquatic marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication – terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential – minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential – fossil fuels; WDP = water use									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT915										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	[Disease incidence]	2,96E-06	5,16E-07	6,32E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,96E-07	8,95E-07	8,99E-09	-6,36E-07
IRP ²	[kBq U235 eq.]	7,20E-01	9,66E-02	2,20E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,37E-01	2,05E-02	1,21E-03	-4,88E-01
ETP-fw ¹	[CTUe]	1,32E+02	1,88E+01	2,72E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,86E+01	6,47E+00	1,45E-01	-4,35E+01
HTP-c ¹	[CTUh]	1,77E-07	3,39E-08	4,21E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,29E-08	1,36E-08	2,41E-10	-8,83E-08
HTP-nc ¹	[CTUh]	3,74E-07	5,27E-08	8,56E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,86E-08	6,19E-09	2,20E-10	-7,06E-08
SQP ¹	-	5,07E+02	7,99E+01	1,24E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,34E+01	3,20E+00	2,88E+00	-1,57E+02
Caption	PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Soil Quality (dimensionless)									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									
	² This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.									

RESOURCE USE PER TONNES RT915										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	2,73E+02	1,26E+00	2,83E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,68E+01
PERM	[MJ]	3,35E+01	0,00E+00	-3,35E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	3,06E+02	1,26E+00	-3,33E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,68E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	3,76E+02	7,95E+01	1,08E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,06E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	2,54E+01	0,00E+00	-2,54E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	4,01E+02	7,95E+01	-1,47E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,06E+01
SM	[kg]	3,67E-01	3,44E-02	4,50E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,88E-02	1,90E-02	3,38E-04	-1,29E-01
RSF	[MJ]	9,98E+02	4,33E-04	6,12E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,16E-04	4,96E-05	8,47E-06	-9,18E-04
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m ³]	4,06E-01	1,19E-02	6,75E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,46E-02	3,27E-03	1,62E-03	-3,72E-01
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT915										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	9,98E-01	1,15E-01	3,07E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,53E-01	5,10E-02	1,08E-03	-4,89E-01
NHWD	[kg]	5,36E+01	2,31E+00	3,24E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,24E+00	9,61E+02	9,73E+00	-9,77E+00
RWD	[kg]	1,77E-04	2,39E-05	5,50E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,40E-05	5,01E-06	2,86E-07	-1,12E-04

CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	2,56E+01	6,03E-04	1,11E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-04	9,60E+02	5,37E-06	-6,00E-03
MER	[kg]	1,25E-01	3,48E-06	2,02E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,75E-06	6,26E-07	2,12E-08	-8,27E-06
EEE	[MJ]	1,29E-01	1,19E-02	9,19E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E-02	2,06E-03	1,59E-04	-2,28E-01
EET	[MJ]	1,16E-01	1,46E-02	3,45E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,63E-02	1,09E-03	6,57E-05	-9,36E+00
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT915		
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate
Biogenic carbon content in product	[kg C]	0,00E+00
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packagaing	[kg C]	9,34E-01
Note	1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO ₂	
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.	

LCA Results

RT730

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT730										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	7,06E+01	5,31E+00	7,11E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,60E+00	3,49E+00	5,72E-02	-5,14E+00
GWP-fossil	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	6,61E+01	5,31E+00	2,65E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,59E+00	3,49E+00	5,71E-02	-4,99E+00
GWP-biogenic	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	4,51E+00	2,76E-03	4,45E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-03	3,77E-04	1,44E-04	-1,55E-01
GWP-luluc	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	1,11E-02	1,89E-03	2,24E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,49E-03	3,03E-04	9,16E-06	-7,14E-03
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	1,19E-06	1,11E-07	1,56E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,51E-07	5,35E-08	2,12E-09	-7,04E-08
AP	[mol H+ eq.]	3,49E-01	1,26E-02	2,96E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,38E-02	3,15E-02	3,56E-04	-3,63E-02
EP-freshwater	[kg PO ₄ eq.]	2,67E-03	3,74E-04	6,05E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-04	1,02E-04	2,59E-06	-1,67E-03
EP-marine	[kg N eq.]	9,69E-02	3,29E-03	1,17E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-03	1,46E-02	1,52E-04	-9,77E-03
EP-terrestrial	[mol N eq.]	6,39E-01	3,56E-02	1,25E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,70E-02	1,60E-01	1,66E-03	-1,31E-01
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	2,94E-01	2,18E-02	4,76E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	4,77E-02	6,71E-04	-3,31E-02
ADPm ¹	[kg Sb eq.]	1,46E-04	1,48E-05	1,64E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,42E-05	1,22E-06	7,12E-08	-5,51E-05
ADPf ¹	[MJ]	3,01E+02	7,97E+01	1,09E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,12E+01
WDP ¹	[m3]	1,62E+01	4,88E-01	2,89E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,94E-01	1,34E-01	6,92E-02	-1,59E+01
Caption	GWP-total = Globale Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone Depletion; AP = Acidification; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication - aquatic freshwater; EP-marine = Eutrophication - aquatic marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication - terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential - minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential - fossil fuels; WDP = water use									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT730										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	[Disease incidence]	2,47E-06	5,18E-07	6,40E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,96E-07	8,95E-07	8,99E-09	-6,38E-07
IRP ²	[kBq U235 eq.]	6,31E-01	9,68E-02	2,35E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,37E-01	2,05E-02	1,21E-03	-4,98E-01
ETP-fw ¹	[CTUe]	1,07E+02	1,89E+01	2,78E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,86E+01	6,47E+00	1,45E-01	-4,37E+01
HTP-c ¹	[CTUh]	1,43E-07	3,40E-08	4,31E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,29E-08	1,36E-08	2,41E-10	-8,85E-08
HTP-nc ¹	[CTUh]	3,25E-07	5,28E-08	8,90E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,86E-08	6,19E-09	2,20E-10	-7,14E-08
SQP ¹	-	4,76E+02	8,01E+01	1,25E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,34E+01	3,20E+00	2,88E+00	-1,60E+02
Caption	PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation - human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity - freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity - cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity - non cancer effects; SQP = Soil Quality (dimensionless)									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									
	² This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.									

RESOURCE USE PER TONNES RT730										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	2,70E+02	1,26E+00	2,97E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,79E+01
PERM	[MJ]	3,79E+01	0,00E+00	-3,79E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	3,08E+02	1,26E+00	-3,76E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,79E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	2,75E+02	7,97E+01	1,09E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,12E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	2,54E+01	0,00E+00	-2,54E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	3,01E+02	7,97E+01	-1,45E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-6,12E+01
SM	[kg]	3,42E-01	3,44E-02	4,61E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,88E-02	1,90E-02	3,38E-04	-1,29E-01
RSF	[MJ]	7,69E+02	4,34E-04	6,18E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,16E-04	4,96E-05	8,47E-06	-9,20E-04
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m ³]	3,82E-01	1,19E-02	6,84E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,46E-02	3,27E-03	1,62E-03	-3,74E-01
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT730										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	8,44E-01	1,16E-01	3,17E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,53E-01	5,10E-02	1,08E-03	-4,93E-01
NHWD	[kg]	5,08E+01	2,32E+00	3,26E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,24E+00	9,61E+02	9,73E+00	-9,88E+00
RWD	[kg]	1,56E-04	2,39E-05	5,88E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,40E-05	5,01E-06	2,86E-07	-1,14E-04

CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	2,56E+01	6,05E-04	1,26E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-04	9,60E+02	5,37E-06	-6,12E-03
MER	[kg]	1,25E-01	3,49E-06	2,19E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,75E-06	6,26E-07	2,12E-08	-8,29E-06
EEE	[MJ]	1,17E-01	1,19E-02	9,69E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E-02	2,06E-03	1,59E-04	-2,33E-01
EET	[MJ]	1,01E-01	1,47E-02	3,63E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,63E-02	1,09E-03	6,57E-05	-9,87E+00
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT730		
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate
Biogenic carbon content in product	[kg C]	0,00E+00
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packagaing	[kg C]	9,34E-01
Note	1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO ₂	
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.	

LCA Results

RT720

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT720										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	9,36E+01	5,28E+00	5,96E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,60E+00	3,49E+00	5,72E-02	-5,05E+00
GWP-fossil	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	8,48E+01	5,28E+00	2,63E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,59E+00	3,49E+00	5,71E-02	-4,90E+00
GWP-biogenic	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	8,83E+00	2,74E-03	3,34E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-03	3,77E-04	1,44E-04	-1,49E-01
GWP-luluc	[kg CO ₂ eq.]	1,13E-02	1,88E-03	2,05E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,49E-03	3,03E-04	9,16E-06	-6,83E-03
ODP	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	1,34E-06	1,10E-07	1,52E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,51E-07	5,35E-08	2,12E-09	-6,78E-08
AP	[mol H ⁺ eq.]	3,61E-01	1,25E-02	2,84E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,38E-02	3,15E-02	3,56E-04	-3,57E-02
EP-freshwater	[kg PO ₄ eq.]	2,84E-03	3,71E-04	5,38E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,06E-04	1,02E-04	2,59E-06	-1,62E-03
EP-marine	[kg N eq.]	9,89E-02	3,27E-03	1,12E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-03	1,46E-02	1,52E-04	-9,65E-03
EP-terrestrial	[mol N eq.]	6,86E-01	3,54E-02	1,20E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,70E-02	1,60E-01	1,66E-03	-1,29E-01
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	3,03E-01	2,17E-02	4,61E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	4,77E-02	6,71E-04	-3,28E-02
ADPm ¹	[kg Sb eq.]	1,52E-04	1,47E-05	1,58E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,42E-05	1,22E-06	7,12E-08	-5,45E-05
ADPf ¹	[MJ]	3,45E+02	7,92E+01	1,06E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-5,99E+01
WDP ¹	[m3]	1,72E+01	4,85E-01	2,82E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,94E-01	1,34E-01	6,92E-02	-1,57E+01
Caption	GWP-total = Globale Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone Depletion; AP = Acidification; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication – aquatic freshwater; EP-marine = Eutrophication – aquatic marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication – terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential – minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential – fossil fuels; WDP = water use									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS PER TONNES RT720										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	[Disease incidence]	2,65E-06	5,15E-07	6,22E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,96E-07	8,95E-07	8,99E-09	-6,33E-07
IRP ²	[kBq U235 eq.]	6,51E-01	9,62E-02	2,02E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,37E-01	2,05E-02	1,21E-03	-4,76E-01
ETP-fw ¹	[CTUe]	1,18E+02	1,88E+01	2,65E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,86E+01	6,47E+00	1,45E-01	-4,33E+01
HTP-c ¹	[CTUh]	1,53E-07	3,38E-08	4,09E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,29E-08	1,36E-08	2,41E-10	-8,81E-08
HTP-nc ¹	[CTUh]	3,38E-07	5,25E-08	8,15E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,86E-08	6,19E-09	2,20E-10	-6,97E-08
SQP ¹	-	4,04E+02	7,97E+01	1,24E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,34E+01	3,20E+00	2,88E+00	-1,54E+02
Caption	PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Soil Quality (dimensionless)									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									
Disclaimer	¹ The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									
	² This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.									

RESOURCE USE PER TONNES RT720										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	2,68E+02	1,26E+00	2,68E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,55E+01
PERM	[MJ]	2,84E+01	0,00E+00	-2,84E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	2,96E+02	1,26E+00	-2,81E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E+00	2,79E-01	2,91E-02	-3,55E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	3,20E+02	7,92E+01	1,06E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-5,99E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	2,54E+01	0,00E+00	-2,54E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	3,45E+02	7,92E+01	-1,48E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,07E+02	4,57E+01	1,42E+00	-5,99E+01
SM	[kg]	3,24E-01	3,42E-02	4,37E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,88E-02	1,90E-02	3,38E-04	-1,29E-01
RSF	[MJ]	7,23E+02	4,32E-04	6,05E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,16E-04	4,96E-05	8,47E-06	-9,17E-04
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m ³]	4,05E-01	1,19E-02	6,65E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,46E-02	3,27E-03	1,62E-03	-3,70E-01
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT720										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	9,12E-01	1,15E-01	2,94E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,53E-01	5,10E-02	1,08E-03	-4,85E-01
NHWD	[kg]	5,18E+01	2,31E+00	3,22E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,24E+00	9,61E+02	9,73E+00	-9,64E+00
RWD	[kg]	1,60E-04	2,38E-05	5,05E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,40E-05	5,01E-06	2,86E-07	-1,09E-04

CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	2,56E+01	6,01E-04	9,41E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-04	9,60E+02	5,37E-06	-5,86E-03
MER	[kg]	1,25E-01	3,46E-06	1,81E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,75E-06	6,26E-07	2,12E-08	-8,25E-06
EEE	[MJ]	1,23E-01	1,19E-02	8,60E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E-02	2,06E-03	1,59E-04	-2,21E-01
EET	[MJ]	1,04E-01	1,46E-02	3,23E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,63E-02	1,09E-03	6,57E-05	-8,76E+00
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy									
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.									

WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS PER TONNES RT720		
Parameter	Unit	At the factory gate
Biogenic carbon content in product	[kg C]	0,00E+00
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packagaing	[kg C]	9,34E-01
Note	1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO ₂	
	The numbers are declared in scientific notation, e.g. 1.95E+02. This number can also be written as: 1.95*100 or 195, while 1.12E-11 is the same as 1.12*10 ⁻¹¹ or 0.0000000000112.	

Additional information

Interpretation:

In summary, the firing process in the tunnel kiln (A3) is considered the main contributor to the environmental impact of most products by Randers Tegl A/S. It should, however, be recognized that for certain products, the extraction of raw materials (A1) has a significant contribution due to additives e.g. manganese oxide, titanium dioxide, and iron oxide. The global warming impact (GWP-fossil) notably stems from direct carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions as a result of lime splitting. Concerning global warming from biogenic sources (GWP-biogenic) and land use (GWP-luluc), it can be attributed to product packaging. Ozone depletion (ODP) is mainly due to the extraction of natural gas for process heat, causing emissions of Halon 1211 and -1301. Acidification (AP) is primarily a result of direct sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions from the tunnel kiln. Eutrophication (EP) impact varies, influenced by LPG consumption, nitrogen oxide (NO_x) emissions, and materials like clay and manganese oxide. Photochemical ozone formation (POCP) likewise stems from nitrogen oxide (NO_x) emissions from the tunnel kiln, natural gas fractionation to LPG, and clay extraction requiring diesel combustion. Depletion of abiotic resources (ADP) is connected to the consumption of natural gas, LPG, and clay, while water usage is associated with additive production (e.g., barium carbonate, manganese oxide) and process water at the factory.

Technical Information on Scenarios:

Transport to the building site (A4):

Name	Unit	Value
Fuel type	-	Diesel
Vehicle type	-	Truck (16-32 ton)
EURO-classification	-	EURO6
Distance	km	50
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	%	26.32

Installation of the product in the building (A5):

Name	Unit	Value
Installation loss of declared product	kg	30,0
Packaging for waste treatment	kg	3,0
Direct emissions to air, soil, and water	kg	0

Reference service life (RSL):

Process	Unit	Value
Reference service Life	years	150
Declared product properties	-	Technical specifications
Assumed quality of work	-	Supplier guidelines
Outdoor environment	-	Technical specifications
Indoor environment	-	SBI 2009:1
Usage conditions	-	Technical specifications
Maintenance	-	Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products (2020)

End of life (C1-C4)

Process	Unit	Value
Collected separately	kg	970
Collected with mixed waste	kg	-
For reuse	kg	-
For recycling	kg	960.3
For energy recovery	kg	-
For final disposal	kg	9.7
Assumptions for scenario development	kg	Miljøprojekt nr. 2217

Re-use, recovery and recycling potential (D)

Process	Unit	Value
Recycled ballast (Road filling)	kg	960,3
Exported electrical energy	kWh	3,0
Exported thermal energy	MJ	40,5

Indoor Air:

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to indoor air because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.1.

Soil & Water:

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.2.

Material Composition

Material	Unit	RT720	RT730	RT915	RT916
Additives	%	4,0%	4,8%	6,3%	1,4%
Chamotte (Recycled)	%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Clay	%	77,4%	75,3%	73,0%	82,3%
Sand	%	18,6%	19,9%	20,7%	16,3%

Essential Characteristics & Properties:

Product	Product Weight (g/p)	Product per 1 m ²	Area Density (kg/m ²)	Conversion Factor to 1 m ²	Products per ton (p/ton)	Conversion Factor to 1 p	Reference EPD	Expiry Date
Falssten DK-27	2123	53	112,5	0,1125	471	0,0021	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030
RT720 DK-17 MS-3H	3352	63	211,2	0,2112	298	0,0034	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030
RT720 DK-NF MS-3H	2157	63	135,9	0,1359	464	0,0022	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030
RT730 DK-NF MS-C	1793	63	112,9	0,1129	558	0,0018	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030
RT730 DK-NF MS-M	2230	63	140,5	0,1405	449	0,0022	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030
RT915 DK-NF BS	2220	63	139,9	0,1399	450	0,0022	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030
RT916 DK-NF BS	1777	63	112,0	0,1120	563	0,0018	MD-25027-EN	01-03-2030

References

Publisher		 www.epddanmark.dk
Programme Operator		 Danish Technological Institute Buildings & Environment Gregerssensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk
LCA tool	LCA-report author	Asbjørn Uldbjerg Bundgaard Jesper Jakobsen asbu@niras.dk jeja@niras.dk
	Tool developer	 NIRAS A/S Østre Havnegade 12 DK-9000, Aalborg https://www.niras.dk/
	LCA software / backgrounddata	SimaPro v. 9.6 ecoinvent 3.10, Cut-off EN15804 (published 12-2023)
	3rd party verifier	Mirko Miseljic LCA Specialists lcaspecialists@outlook.com Poppelhegnet 5 DK-2800, Kongens Lyngby

General programme instructions

Version 2.0

www.epddanmark.dk

ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 – "Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 – "Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"

ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 – "Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"

EN 15804

DS/EN 15804 + A2:2019 - "Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products"

EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 – " Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business"

T-PR-24001-DA (2025)

Project report for Randers Tegl A/S EPD tool v.2.1, January 2024

ASRO Third Party Report - Allacker, K. and De Troyer, F. 2008

ArDuCoKlei-project: Levenscyclusanalyse (LCA) van "wieg-tot-graf" binnenwand en buitenwand

Danish Energy Agency (2024)

[Data, tabeller, statistikker og kort Energistatistik 2023](#)

Danish Environmental Protection Agency (2022)

[Miljøprojekt nr. 2217 - Affaldsstatistik 2020](#)

ecoinvent 3.10

<https://ecoinvent.org/>

Tiles & Bricks Europe (2020)

[Internal Guidance Document on TBE PCR for Clay Construction Products](#)

WindEurope (2024)

[Wind energy in Europe: 2023 Statistics and the outlook for 2024-2030 | WindEurope](#)